



Indian Queens School and Nursery - PSHE Curriculum Overview & Progression 'Keeping Myself Safe'

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2
My body - what is safe to go onto my body. My body – what is safe t	 Understand that the body gets energy from food, water and air (oxygen) Recognise that exercise and sleep are important 	 Understand that medicines can sometimes make people feel better when they're ill
 Safety indoors and outdoors. Listening to my feelings. Keeping safe online. People who help to keep me safe. 	 parts of a healthy lifestyle. Recognise the importance of sleep in maintaining a healthy, balanced lifestyle; Identify simple bedtime routines that promote healthy sleep. Recognise emotions and physical feelings associated with feeling unsafe; Identify people who can help them when they feel unsafe. Recognise the range of feelings that are associated with loss. Understand that medicines can sometimes make people feel better when they're ill 	 Give examples of some of the things that a person can do to feel better without use of medicines, if they are unwell; Explain simple issues of safety and responsibility about medicines and their use. Identify situations in which they would feel safe or unsafe; Suggest actions for dealing with unsafe situations including who they could ask for help. Identify situations in which they would need to say 'Yes', 'No', 'I'll ask', or 'I'll tell', in relation to keeping themselves and others safe. Recognise that body language and facial expression can give clues as to how comfortable and safe someone feels in a situation; Identify the types of touch they like and do not like;
	 Explain simple issues of safety and responsibility about medicines and their use. Understand and learn the PANTS rules; Name and know which parts should be private; Explain the difference between appropriate and inappropriate touch; Understand that they have the right to say "no" to unwanted touch; Start thinking about who they trust and who they can ask for help. 	 Identify who they can talk to if someone touches them in a way that makes them feel uncomfortable. Recognise that some touches are not fun and can hurt or be upsetting; Know that they can ask someone to stop touching them; Identify who they can talk to if someone touches them in a way that makes them feel uncomfortable. Identify safe secrets (including surprises) and unsafe secrets; Recognise the importance of telling someone they trust about a secret which makes them feel unsafe or uncomfortable. Identify how inappropriate touch can make someone feel; Understand that there are unsafe secrets and secrets that are nice surprises; Explain that if someone is being touched in a way that they don't like they have to tell someone in their safety network so they can help it stop.

Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
 Identify situations which are safe or	 Define the terms 'danger', 'risk' and	 Explain what a habit is, giving examples; Describe why and how a habit can be hard to change. 	 Accept that responsible and respectful
unsafe; Identify people who can help if a	'hazard' and explain the difference		behaviour is necessary when interacting with
situation isometry.	between them;		others online and face-to-face;
situation is unsafe;	 Identify situations which are either	 Recognise that there are positive and	 Understand and describe the ease with which
• Suggest strategies for keeping	dangerous, risky or hazardous;	negative risks;	something posted online can spread.
safe.	 Suggest simple strategies for managing	 Explain how to weigh up risk factors when	 Identify strategies for keeping personal
• Define the words danger and risk	risk.	making a decision;	information safe online;
and explain the difference between the two;	 Identify images that are safe/unsafe to	 Describe some of the possible outcomes	 Describe safe behaviours when using
	share online;	of taking a risk.	communication technology.
 Demonstrate strategies for dealing	 Know and explain strategies for safe	 Demonstrate strategies to deal with both	 Know that it is illegal to create and share
with a risky situation.	online sharing;	face-to-face and online bullying;	sexual images of children under 18 years old;
 Identify some key risks from and	 Understand and explain the implications	 Demonstrate strategies and skills for	• Explore the risks of sharing photos and films of themselves with other people directly or
effects of cigarettes and alcohol;	of sharing images online without	supporting others who are bullied;	
 Know that most people choose not to smoke cigarettes; (Social Norms message) 	consent.Define what is meant by the word 'dare';Identify from given scenarios which are	 Recognise and describe the difference between online and face-to-face bullying. 	online; • Know how to keep their information private online.
 Define the word 'drug' and 	dares and which are not;	 Define what is meant by a dare; 	 Define what is meant by addiction,
understand that nicotine and alcohol are both drugs.	 Suggest strategies for managing dares. Understand that medicines are drugs; 	 Explain why someone might give a dare; Suggest ways of standing up to someone 	demonstrating an understanding that addiction is a form of behaviour;Understand that all humans have basic emotional needs and explain some of the
 Identify risk factors in given situations; 	 Explain safety issues for medicine use; Suggest alternatives to taking a medicine 	who gives a dare.Recognise which situations are risky;	
 Suggest ways of reducing or 	when unwell;	• Explore and share their views about	ways these needs can be met.
managing those risks.Evaluate the validity of statements relating to online safety;	 Suggest strategies for limiting the spread of	decision making when faced with a risky	 Explain how drugs can be categorised into
	infectious diseases (e.g. hand-washing	situation;	different groups depending on their medical
	routings)	• Suggest what someone should do when	and legal context;
 Recognise potential risks	 routines). Understand some of the key risks and	 suggest what someone should do when faced with a risky situation. Reflect on what information they share 	 Demonstrate an understanding that drugs can
associated with browsing online;	effects of smoking and drinking alcohol;		have both medical and non-medical uses;
 Give examples of strategies for	 Understand that increasing numbers of	 offline and online; Recognise that people aren't always who 	 Explain in simple terms some of the laws that
safe browsing online.	young people are choosing not to smoke		control drugs in this country.
Know that our body can often give us a sign when something doesn't	and that not all people drink alcohol (Social Norms theory).	 they say they are online; Know how to protect personal information 	Understand some of the basic laws in relation to drugs;
feel right; to trust these signs and talk to a trusted adult if this	 Describe stages of identifying and managing risk; 	online. • Understand some of the complexities of	• Explain why there are laws relating to drugs in this country.
happens;	 Suggest people they can ask for help in	categorising drugs;	 Understand the actual norms around drinking
• Recognise and describe	managing risk.	• Know that all medicines are drugs but not	alcohol and the reasons for common
appropriate behaviour online as well as offline;	Understand that we can be influenced	all drugs are medicines;	misperceptions of these;Describe some of the effects and risks of
 Identify what constitutes personal	• Give examples of some of the consequences of behaving in an unacceptable, unhealthy or risky way.	be helpful or harmful and used safely or	 drinking alcohol. Understand that all humans have basic
information and when it is not		unsafely. Understand the actual norms around	emotional needs and explain some of the
appropriate or safe to share this; Understand and explain how to get		machine, and the research for common	ways these needs can be met;
help in a situation where requests for images or information of themselves or others occurs.		smoking and the reasons for common misperceptions of these.	 Explain how these emotional needs impact on people's behaviour;

 Demonstrate strategies for assessing risks; Understand and explain decision- making skills; Understand where to get help from when making decisions. Understand that medicines are drugs and suggest ways that they can be helpful or harmful. 	 Identify risk factors in a given situation (involving smoking) and consider outcomes of risk taking in this situation, including emotional risks; Understand the actual norms around smoking/alcohol and the reasons for common misperceptions of these. 	 Suggest positive ways that people can get their emotional need met. Understand and give examples of conflicting emotions; Understand and reflect on how independence and responsibility go together.
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